

PENNATULA PHOSPHOREA.



CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Flores Hydræ, ad marginem denticulatum pinnarum.

Stirps libera, subulata, apice pinnata.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 1321.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

PENNATULA stirpe carnosa, rachi scabra, pin-
nis imbricatis.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 1322.

PENNATULA PHOSPHOREA.

Ellis Act. Angl. v. 53. t. 19. f. 1—5.

PENNA MARINA.

Baubin Hist. 3. p. 802.

Pennatulæ genus constituunt Zoophytorum moven-
tium, more piscis natantium. Formæ sunt ple-
rumque perelegantis. Species quam descripsimus est
fortasse vulgatissima. Circa littora Britanniæ frequens
reperitur, et non raro adhæret piscatorum lineis.
Animal constat corpore, seu velut stipite paulum com-
planato, et inde in ramos laterales numerosos expan-
so, quorum parietes interni in tubulos multos divi-
duntur, e quorum apicibus totidem prodeunt velut
hydrarum,

hydrarum, seu polyporum capitula, cum suis tentaculis. Totum igitur animal videtur esse hydra ramosa et valde composita, cuius corpus in stipite, seu parte nuda continetur, atque in numerosissimos ramulos utrinque continuatur, singulo ramulo peculiari suo capite instructo.

Mirum hoc animal lucem adeo phosphoream emittit, ut pescatores pisces prope ludentes solo Pennatulæ lumine distincte perspicere possint. Color ejus vivide ruber est, et communis magnitudo ut repræsentat tabula.

a. Ramulus microscopio auctus.





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T H E
PHOSPHORIC PENNATULA,
O R
S E A - P E N.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Animal free, or locomotive.

Body (generally) expanding into processes on the upper part.

Processes or branches furnished with rows of tubular denticles.

Polype-head proceeding from each tube.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

SEA-PEN with fleshy stem, middle part rough, pinnules imbricated.

BRITISH SEA-PEN.

Ellis Zooph. p. 61.

THE COMMON SEA-PEN.

The Pennatulæ or Sea-Pens form a genus of locomotive Zoophytes, and swim in the manner of a fish. They are in general of a very beautiful appearance. The species here exhibited is the most common : it is found in considerable plenty on the British coasts, and is

is drawn up in numbers adhering to the baits of fishermen's lines. The animal consists of a somewhat flattened stem or body, which is furnished with an internal bone, and dilates into an expanded part consisting of a great many pinnæ or lateral branches, which are divided on their inner edges into a number of tubular processes, through each of which is protuded a part of the animal, resembling the head of a hydra or polype: the whole animal therefore may be considered as a very compound or ramified hydra or polype, the body of which is contained in the naked part or stem, and from thence ramifies into a vast number of processes, each furnished with its particular head.

This curious animal emits a very strong phosphoric light, and it is even so luminous that it is no uncommon circumstance for the fishermen to see the fish which happen to be swimming near it, merely by the light of the Pennatula. Its colour is a bright red or crimson, and the general size that of the figure.

a. One of the pinnæ magnified.